

## Predicted Loss of Current Range of Birds in Maine Due to Climate Change by 2080

Source: <http://climate.audubon.org/geographical-search/maine>

Bird Names	Summer Range Lost	Winter Range Lost
<a href="#">Blackburnian Warbler</a> <i>Setophaga fusca</i>	100%	
<a href="#">Black-throated Blue Warbler</a> <i>Setophaga caerulescens</i>	100%	40%
<a href="#">Canada Warbler</a> <i>Cardellina canadensis</i>	100%	
<a href="#">Bohemian Waxwing</a> <i>Bombycilla garrulus</i>	100%	52%
<a href="#">Black-throated Green Warbler</a> <i>Setophaga virens</i>	98%	30%
<a href="#">Evening Grosbeak</a> <i>Coccothraustes vespertinus</i>	98%	58%
<a href="#">Mourning Warbler</a> <i>Geothlypis philadelphia</i>	96%	
<a href="#">Nashville Warbler</a> <i>Oreothlypis ruficapilla</i>	95%	35%
<a href="#">Scarlet Tanager</a> <i>Piranga olivacea</i>	94%	
<a href="#">Magnolia Warbler</a> <i>Setophaga magnolia</i>	92%	44%
<a href="#">Hooded Merganser</a> <i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i>	92%	65%
<a href="#">American Redstart</a> <i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>	90%	26%
<a href="#">Veery</a> <i>Catharus fuscescens</i>	90%	
<a href="#">Purple Finch</a> <i>Haemorhous purpureus</i>	89%	59%
<a href="#">Yellow-bellied Sapsucker</a> <i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>	88%	3%
<a href="#">Chestnut-sided Warbler</a> <i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i>	88%	
<a href="#">Pine Grosbeak</a> <i>Pinicola enucleator</i>	87%	37%
<a href="#">White-winged Crossbill</a> <i>Loxia leucoptera</i>	85%	37%
<a href="#">Boreal Chickadee</a>	84%	39%

<i>Poecile hudsonicus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Black-and-white Warbler</u></a>	84%	46%
<i>Mniotilta varia</i>		
<a href="#"><u>American Bittern</u></a>	84%	73%
<i>Botaurus lentiginosus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Red-breasted Nuthatch</u></a>	82%	42%
<i>Sitta canadensis</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Wood Thrush</u></a>	82%	46%
<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Cape May Warbler</u></a>	81%	58%
<i>Setophaga tigrina</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Bobolink</u></a>	80%	
<i>Dolichonyx oryzivorus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>White-breasted Nuthatch</u></a>	79%	36%
<i>Sitta carolinensis</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Brown Creeper</u></a>	79%	20%
<i>Certhia americana</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Hairy Woodpecker</u></a>	78%	30%
<i>Picoides villosus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Ruffed Grouse</u></a>	77%	46%
<i>Bonasa umbellus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Common Redpoll</u></a>	77%	38%
<i>Acanthis flammea</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Mallard</u></a>	75%	9%
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		
<a href="#"><u>White-throated Sparrow</u></a>	74%	19%
<i>Zonotrichia albicollis</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Bald Eagle</u></a>	74%	58%
<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Hermit Thrush</u></a>	74%	31%
<i>Catharus guttatus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Pine Warbler</u></a>	73%	8%
<i>Setophaga pinus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Common Merganser</u></a>	72%	39%
<i>Mergus merganser</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Ring-billed Gull</u></a>	71%	32%
<i>Larus delawarensis</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Golden-crowned Kinglet</u></a>	70%	17%
<i>Regulus satrapa</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Swamp Sparrow</u></a>	69%	17%
<i>Melospiza georgiana</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Ovenbird</u></a>	67%	75%
<i>Seiurus aurocapilla</i>		
<a href="#"><u>American Black Duck</u></a>	63%	64%
<i>Anas rubripes</i>		

<a href="#"><u>Common Raven</u></a>	62%	35%
<i>Corvus corax</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Tree Swallow</u></a>	61%	57%
<i>Tachycineta bicolor</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Least Flycatcher</u></a>	61%	93%
<i>Empidonax minimus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Common Goldeneye</u></a>	61%	35%
<i>Bucephala clangula</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Pine Siskin</u></a>	60%	42%
<i>Spinus pinus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Common Loon</u></a>	56%	75%
<i>Gavia immer</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Wild Turkey</u></a>	49%	87%
<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Herring Gull</u></a>	38%	56%
<i>Larus argentatus</i>		
<a href="#"><u>Black-backed Woodpecker</u></a>		76%
<i>Picoides arcticus</i>		